University of Mumbai Examination 2020 under cluster ___ (Lead College Short name)

Program: Bachelor of Engineering Curriculum Scheme: **Rev2016** Examination: First Year Semester I

Course Code: FEC103 and Course Name: Applied Chemistry-I

Time: 1 hour Max. Marks: 50

For the students:- All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

Q1. Temporary Hardness is due to presence of Option A: Carbonates Option B: Sulphates Option D: Chlorides Q2. Complete the following reaction:	0.1	
Option B: Sulphates Option C: Nitrates Option D: Chlorides Q2. Complete the following reaction: Mg (HCOs)2 → + 2CO2 Option A: Mg Option B: Mg (OH)2 Option C: MgCO3 Option D: H₂O Q3. [M-EDTA] complex is Option A: Blue in colour Option B: Wine-red in colour Option B: Green Q4. Permanent hardness in water is caused by presence of Option B: Calcium carbonate Option B: Calcium carbonate Option C: Sodium bicarbonate Option D: None of these Q5. EDTA method of determining hardness of water can be used to determine Option B: Permanent hardness Option C: Temporary hardness Option D: Alkaline hardness Option A: Ca salts Option B: Mg salts Option C: NaCl Option D: Suspended impurities		- · ·
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Q4. Permanent hardness in water is caused by presence of Option A: Magnesium chloride Option B: Calcium carbonate Option C: Sodium bicarbonate Option D: None of these Q5. EDTA method of determining hardness of water can be used to determine Option A: All types of hardness Option B: Permanent hardness Option C: Temporary hardness Option D: Alkaline hardness Q6. Brackish water mostly contains dissolved Option A: Ca salts Option B: Mg salts Option C: NaCl Option D: Suspended impurities	Option C:	Colourless
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Option B: Mg salts Option C: NaCl Option D: Suspended impurities Q7. Ideal disinfectant is	Option A:	Ca salts
Option D: Suspended impurities Q7. Ideal disinfectant is	Option B:	Mg salts
Option D: Suspended impurities Q7. Ideal disinfectant is	Option C:	NaCl
Q7. Ideal disinfectant is		Suspended impurities
· ·		
Option A: Bleaching water	Q7.	Ideal disinfectant is
	Option A:	Bleaching water

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Option B:	Ozone (Deta Conege Short hame)
Option C:	Chlorine
Option D:	Lime
o puen 2 :	
Q8.	Which of the following method is used to separate both ionic and non-ionic
20.	impurities from water
Option A:	Electrodialysis
Option B:	Reverse-Osmosis
Option C:	Deionization Deionization
Option D:	All of the above
Орион Б.	An of the above
Q9.	Thermoplastics becomes on heating
Option A:	Rigid
Option B:	Moulded
Option C:	Soft
	Brittle
Option D:	Dittie
010	When when is heated with sulphus its tensile strength, electicity and resistance
Q10.	When rubber is heated with sulphur, its tensile strength, elasticity and resistance to swelling are increased tremendously. This process is known as -
Option A:	Purification
Option B:	Vulcanization
Option C:	Annealing
Option D:	Sulphonation
011	Plasticizers flexibility of the plastics
Q11. Option A:	Plasticizers flexibility of the plastics Decreases
Option B:	
	Increases Do not affect
Option C:	
Option D:	None of these
012	F-1
Q12.	Fabrication of plastics can be done by
Option A:	Compression moulding
Option B:	Transfer moulding
Option C:	Extrusion moulding
Option D:	All of these
012	
Q13.	Glass transition temperature is denoted as
Option A:	Tg
Option B:	Tm
Option C:	Gt
Option D:	Mt
014	
Q14.	Engineering plastics possess
Option A:	High mechanical strength
Option B:	High Tensile Strength
Option C:	High abrasion resistance
Option D:	All of these

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Q15.	The monomers of Buna-S are
Option A:	Ethyl chloride and Styrene
Option B:	Butadiene and Styrene
Option C:	Sulphur and Butane
Option D:	Butane and Styrene
Option B.	Buttine and Styrene
Q16.	Example/s of viscoelastic materials is/are
Option A:	Synthetic Polymers
Option B:	Human Tissue
Option C:	Wood
Option D:	All of these
Q17.	In thick-film lubrication, coefficient of friction is in the range of
Option A:	0.001 to 0.03
Option B:	0.5 to 0.10
Option C:	1 to 2
Option D:	0.1 to 0.2
Q18.	Select the incorrect statement from the following option.
Option A:	Lubricant keeps out dirt
Option B:	Lubricant act as a seal
Option C:	Lubricant transmit fluid power
Option D:	Lubricant enhance corrosion
Q19.	The lowest temperature at which the lubricating oil gives off enough vapours that
	ignite for a moment when a tiny flame is brought near it, is called-
Option A:	Fire point
Option B:	Viscosity
Option C:	Flash point
Option D:	Acid value
Q20.	On increasing the lubrication, the efficiency of the machine
Option A:	Increases
Option B:	Decreases
Option C:	Remains same
Option D:	Does not get affected
021	What is Gibbs phase rule for general systems?
Q21.	What is Gibbs phase rule for general system? $P = C - 1 - F$
Option A:	P = C - 1 - F $P = C + 1 - F$
Option B:	P = C + 1 - F $P + F = C - 2$
Option C:	P+F-C-2 $P+F=C+2$
Option D:	$\Gamma + \Gamma - C + Z$
Q22.	The degree of freedom at a triple point in the phase-diagram for water is
Option A:	2
Option B:	3
	1
Option C:	0

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Option D:	1
Q23.	is not use to make Portland Cement (PC).
Option A:	Calcareous Rocks
Option B:	Argillocalcareous Rocks
Option C:	Argillaceous Rocks
Option D:	Sand
Q24.	Fullerene or bucky ball is made up of carbon atoms.
Option A:	100
Option B:	20
Option C:	75
Option D:	60
Q25.	CNT stands for
Option A:	Carbon Nitogen Tube
Option B:	Calcium Nitrate
Option C:	Carbon Nano Tube
Option D:	None of these